Section 3: Math Test - No Calculator

QUESTION 1

Choice B is correct. Subtracting z from both sides of 2z + 1 = z results in z + 1 = 0. Subtracting 1 from both sides of z + 1 = 0 results in z = -1.

Choices A, C, and D are incorrect. When each of these values is substituted for z in the given equation, the result is a false statement. Substituting -2 for z yields 2(-2) + 1 = -2, or -3 = -2. Substituting $\frac{1}{2}$ for z yields $2(\frac{1}{2}) + 1 = \frac{1}{2}$, or $2 = \frac{1}{2}$. Lastly, substituting 1 for z yields 2(1) + 1 = 1, or 3 = 1.

QUESTION 2

Choice C is correct. To complete the purchase, the initial payment of \$60 plus the w weekly payments of \$30 must be equivalent to the \$300 price of the television. The total, in dollars, of w weekly payments of \$30 can be expressed by 30w. It follows that 300 = 30w + 60 can be used to find the number of weekly payments, w, required to complete the purchase.

Choice A is incorrect. Since the television is to be purchased with an initial payment and w weekly payments, the price of the television must be equivalent to the sum, not the difference, of these payments. Choice B is incorrect. This equation represents a situation where the television is purchased using only w weekly payments of \$30, with no initial payment of \$60. Choice D is incorrect. This equation represents a situation where the w weekly payments are \$60 each, not \$30 each, and the initial payment is \$30, not \$60. Also, since the television is to be purchased with weekly payments and an initial payment, the price of the television must be equivalent to the sum, not the difference, of these payments.

QUESTION 3

Choice B is correct. Since the relationship between the merchandise weight x and the shipping charge f(x) is linear, a function in the form f(x) = mx + b, where m and b are constants, can be used. In this situation, the constant m represents the additional shipping charge, in dollars, for each additional pound of merchandise shipped, and the constant b represents a one-time charge, in dollars, for shipping any weight, in pounds, of merchandise. Using any two pairs of values from the table, such as (10, 21.89) and (20, 31.79), and dividing the difference in the charges by the difference in the weights gives the value of m: $m = \frac{31.79 - 21.89}{20 - 10}$, which simplifies to $\frac{9.9}{10}$, or 0.99. Substituting the value of m and any pair of values from the table, such as (10, 21.89), for x and f(x), respectively, gives the value of b: 21.89 = 0.99(10) + b, or b = 11.99. Therefore, the function f(x) = 0.99x + 11.99 can be used to determine the total shipping charge f(x), in dollars, for an order with a merchandise weight of x pounds.

Choices A, C, and D are incorrect. If any pair of values from the table is substituted for x and f(x), respectively, in these functions, the result is false. For example, substituting 10 for x and 21.89 for f(x) in f(x) = 0.99x yields 21.89 = 0.99(10), or 21.89 = 9.9, which is false. Similarly, substituting the values (10, 21.89) for x and f(x) into the functions in choices C and D results in 21.89 = 33.9 and 21.89 = 50.84, respectively. Both are false.

QUESTION 4

Choice C is correct. It's given that the graph represents y = h(x), thus the *y*-coordinate of each point on the graph corresponds to the height, in feet, of a Doric column with a base diameter of *x* feet. A Doric column with a base diameter of 5 feet is represented by the point (5, 35), and a Doric column with a base diameter of 2 feet is represented by the point (2, 14). Therefore, the column with a base diameter of 5 feet has a height of 35 feet, and the column with a base diameter of 2 feet has a height of 14 feet. It follows that the difference in heights of these two columns is 35 - 14, or 21 feet.

Choice A is incorrect. This value is the slope of the line and represents the increase in the height of a Doric column for each increase in the base diameter by 1 foot. Choice B is incorrect. This value represents the height of a Doric column with a base diameter of 2 feet, or the difference in height between a Doric column with base diameter of 5 feet and a Doric column with base diameter of 3 feet. Choice D is incorrect and may result from conceptual or calculation errors.

QUESTION 5

Choice A is correct. The expression $\sqrt{9x^2}$ can be rewritten as $(\sqrt{9})(\sqrt{x^2})$. The square root symbol in an expression represents the principal square root, or the positive square root, thus $\sqrt{9} = 3$. Since x > 0, taking the square root of the second factor, $\sqrt{x^2}$, gives x. It follows that $\sqrt{9x^2}$ is equivalent to 3x.

Choice B is incorrect and may result from rewriting $\sqrt{9}x^2$ as $(\sqrt{9})(x^2)$ rather than $(\sqrt{9})(\sqrt{x^2})$. Choices C and D are incorrect and may result from misunderstanding the operation indicated by a radical symbol. In both of these choices, instead of finding the square root of the coefficient 9, the coefficient has been multiplied by 2. Additionally, in choice D, x^2 has been squared to give x^4 , instead of taking the square root of x^2 to get x.

QUESTION 6

Choice A is correct. Factoring the numerator of the rational expression $\frac{x^2-1}{x-1}$ yields $\frac{(x+1)(x-1)}{x-1}$. The expression $\frac{(x+1)(x-1)}{x-1}$ can be rewritten as $\left(\frac{x+1}{1}\right)\left(\frac{x-1}{x-1}\right)$. Since $\frac{x-1}{x-1}=1$, when x is not equal to 1, it follows that $\left(\frac{x+1}{1}\right)\left(\frac{x-1}{x-1}\right)=\left(\frac{x+1}{1}\right)(1)$ or x+1. Therefore, the given equation is equivalent to x+1=-2. Subtracting 1 from both sides of x+1=-2 yields x=-3.

Choices B, C, and D are incorrect. Substituting 0, 1, or -1, respectively, for x in the given equation yields a false statement. Substituting 0 for x in the given equation yields $\frac{0^2-1}{0-1}=-2$ or 1=-2, which is false. Substituting 1 for x in the given equation makes the left-hand side $\frac{1^2-1}{1-1}=\frac{0}{0}$, which is undefined and not equal to -2. Substituting -1 for x in the given equation yields $\frac{(-1)^2-1}{-1-1}=-2$, or 0=-2, which is false. Therefore, these values don't satisfy the given equation.

QUESTION 7

Choice D is correct. Since y = f(x), the value of f(0) is equal to the value of f(x), or y, when x = 0. The graph indicates that when x = 0, y = 4. It follows that the value of f(0) = 4.

Choice A is incorrect. If the value of f(0) were 0, then when x = 0, the value of f(x), or y, would be 0 and the graph would pass through the point (0, 0). Choice B is incorrect. If the value of f(0) were 2, then when x = 0, the value of f(x), or y, would be 2 and the graph would pass through the point (0, 2). Choice C is incorrect. If the value of f(0) were 3, then when x = 0, the value of f(x), or y, would be 3 and the graph would pass through the point (0, 3).

QUESTION 8

Choice C is correct. Since point B lies on \overline{AD} , angles ABC and CBD are supplementary. It's given that angle ABC is a right angle; therefore, its measure is 90°. It follows that the measure of angle CBD is $180^{\circ} - 90^{\circ}$, or 90° . By the angle addition postulate, the measure of angle CBD is equivalent to $x^{\circ} + 2x^{\circ} + 2x^{\circ}$. Therefore, 90 = x + 2x + 2x. Combining like terms gives 90 = 5x. Dividing both sides of this equation by 5 yields x = 18. Therefore, the value of 3x is 3(18), or 54.

Choice A is incorrect. This is the value of x. Choice B is incorrect. This is the value of 2x. Choice D is incorrect. This is the value of 4x.

QUESTION 9

Choice C is correct. The equation defining any line can be written in the form y = mx + b, where m is the slope of the line and b is the y-coordinate of the y-intercept. Line ℓ passes through the point (0, -4), which is the y-intercept. Therefore, for line ℓ , b = -4. The slope of a line is the ratio of the difference between the y-coordinates of any two points to the difference between the x-coordinates of the same points. Calculating the slope using two points that line ℓ passes through, (-4, 0) and (0, -4), gives $m = \frac{0 - (-4)}{(-4) - 0} = \frac{4}{-4}$, or -1. Since m = -1 and b = -4, the equation of line ℓ can be written as y = (-1)x + (-4), or y = -x - 4. Adding x to both sides of y = -x - 4 yields x + y = -4.

Choices A and B are incorrect. These equations both represent lines with a positive slope, but line ℓ has a negative slope. Choice D is incorrect. This equation represents a line that passes through the points (4, 0) and (0, 4), not the points (-4, 0) and (0, -4).

Choice D is correct. Since the graph represents the equation $y = 2x^2 + 10x + 12$, it follows that each point (x, y) on the graph is a solution to this equation. Since the graph crosses the *y*-axis at (0, k), then substituting 0 for x and k for y in $y = 2x^2 + 10x + 12$ creates a true statement: $k = 2(0)^2 + 10(0) + 12$, or k = 12.

Choice A is incorrect. If k = 2 when x = 0, it follows that $2 = 2(0)^2 + 10(0) + 12$, or 2 = 12, which is false. Choice B is incorrect. If k = 6 when x = 0, it follows that $6 = 2(0)^2 + 10(0) + 12$, or 6 = 12, which is false. Choice C is incorrect. If k = 10 when x = 0, it follows that $10 = 2(0)^2 + 10(0) + 12$, or 10 = 12, which is false.

QUESTION 11

Choice A is correct. A circle in the *xy*-plane with center (h, k) and radius r is defined by the equation $(x - h)^2 + (y - k)^2 = r^2$. Therefore, an equation of a circle with center (5, 7) and radius 2 is $(x - 5)^2 + (y - 7)^2 = 2^2$, or $(x - 5)^2 + (y - 7)^2 = 4$.

Choice B is incorrect. This equation defines a circle with center (-5, -7) and radius 2. Choice C is incorrect. This equation defines a circle with center (5, 7) and radius $\sqrt{2}$. Choice D is incorrect. This equation defines a circle with center (-5, -7) and radius $\sqrt{2}$.

QUESTION 12

Choice B is correct. Since figures are drawn to scale unless otherwise stated and triangle ABC is similar to triangle DEF, it follows that the measure of angle B is equal to the measure of angle E. Furthermore, it follows that side AB corresponds to side DE and that side BC corresponds to side EF. For similar triangles, corresponding sides are proportional, so $\frac{AB}{BC} = \frac{DE}{EF}$. In right triangle DEF, the cosine of angle E, or cos(E), is equal to the length of the side adjacent to angle E divided by the length of the hypotenuse in triangle DEF. Therefore, $cos(E) = \frac{DE}{EF}$, which is equivalent to $\frac{AB}{BC}$. Therefore, $cos(E) = \frac{12}{13}$.

Choice A is incorrect. This value represents the tangent of angle F, or $\tan(F)$, which is defined as the length of the side opposite angle F divided by the length of the side adjacent to angle F. Choice C is incorrect. This value represents the tangent of angle E, or $\tan(E)$, which is defined as the length of the side opposite angle E divided by the length of the side adjacent to angle E. Choice D is incorrect. This value represents the sine of angle E, or $\sin(E)$, which is defined as the length of the side opposite angle E divided by the length of the hypotenuse.

QUESTION 13

Choice C is correct. The *x*-intercepts of the graph of $f(x) = x^2 + 5x + 4$ are the points (x, f(x)) on the graph where f(x) = 0. Substituting 0 for f(x) in the function equation yields $0 = x^2 + 5x + 4$. Factoring the right-hand side of $0 = x^2 + 5x + 4$ yields 0 = (x + 4)(x + 1).

If 0 = (x + 4)(x + 1), then 0 = x + 4 or 0 = x + 1. Solving both of these equations for x yields x = -4 and x = -1. Therefore, the x-intercepts of the graph of $f(x) = x^2 + 5x + 4$ are (-4, 0) and (-1, 0). Since both points lie on the x-axis, the distance between (-4, 0) and (-1, 0) is equivalent to the number of unit spaces between -4 and -1 on the x-axis, which is 3.

Choice A is incorrect. This is the distance from the origin to the x-intercept (-1, 0). Choice B is incorrect and may result from incorrectly calculating the x-intercepts. Choice D is incorrect. This is the distance from the origin to the x-intercept (-4, 0).

QUESTION 14

Choice B is correct. Squaring both sides of the equation $\sqrt{4x} = x - 3$ yields $4x = (x - 3)^2$, or 4x = (x - 3)(x - 3). Applying the distributive property on the right-hand side of the equation 4x = (x - 3)(x - 3) yields $4x = x^2 - 3x - 3x + 9$. Subtracting 4x from both sides of $4x = x^2 - 3x - 3x + 9$ yields $0 = x^2 - 3x - 3x - 4x + 9$, which can be rewritten as $0 = x^2 - 10x + 9$. Factoring the right-hand side of $0 = x^2 - 10x + 9$ gives 0 = (x - 1)(x - 9). By the zero product property, if 0 = (x - 1)(x - 9), then 0 = x - 1 or 0 = x - 9. Adding 1 to both sides of 0 = x - 1 gives x = 1. Adding 9 to both sides of 0 = x - 9 gives x = 9. Substituting these values for x into the given equation will determine whether they satisfy the equation. Substituting 1 for x in the given equation yields $\sqrt{4(1)} = 1 - 3$, or $\sqrt{4} = -2$, which is false. Therefore, x = 1 doesn't satisfy the given equation. Substituting 9 for x in the given equation yields $\sqrt{4(9)} = 9 - 3$ or $\sqrt{36} = 6$, which is true. Therefore, x = 9 satisfies the given equation.

Choices A and C are incorrect because x = 1 doesn't satisfy the given equation: $\sqrt{4x}$ represents the principal square root of 4x, which can't be negative. Choice D is incorrect because x = 9 does satisfy the given equation.

QUESTION 15

Choice A is correct. A system of two linear equations has no solution if the graphs of the lines represented by the equations are parallel and are not equivalent. Parallel lines have equal slopes but different *y*-intercepts. The slopes and *y*-intercepts for the two given equations can be found by solving each equation for *y* in terms of *x*, thus putting the equations in slope-intercept form. This yields y = 3x + 6 and $y = \left(-\frac{a}{2}\right)x + 2$. The slope and *y*-intercept of the line with equation -3x + y = 6 are 3 and (0, 6), respectively. The slope and *y*-intercept of the line with equation ax + 2y = 4 are represented by the expression $-\frac{a}{2}$ and the point (0, 2), respectively. The value of *a* can be found by setting the two slopes equal to each other, which gives $-\frac{a}{2} = 3$. Multiplying both sides of this equation by -2 gives a = -6. When a = -6, the lines are parallel and have different *y*-intercepts.

Choices B, C, and D are incorrect because these values of a would result in two lines that are not parallel, and therefore the resulting system of equations would have a solution.

QUESTION 16

The correct answer is 2200. If the total shipping cost was \$47,000, then T = 47,000. If 3000 units were shipped to the farther location, then f = 3000. Substituting 47,000 for T and 3000 for T in the equation T = 5c + 12f yields 47,000 = 5c + 12(3000). Multiplying 12 by 3000 yields 47,000 = 5c + 36,000. Subtracting 36,000 from both sides of the equation yields 11,000 = 5c. Dividing both sides by 5 yields c = 2200. Therefore, 2200 units were shipped to the closer location.

QUESTION 17

The correct answer is 5. By definition of absolute value, if |2x + 1| = 5, then 2x + 1 = 5 or -(2x + 1) = 5, which can be rewritten as 2x + 1 = -5. Subtracting 1 from both sides of 2x + 1 = 5 and 2x + 1 = -5 yields 2x = 4 and 2x = -6, respectively. Dividing both sides of 2x = 4 and 2x = -6 by 2 yields x = 2 and x = -3, respectively. If a and a are the solutions to the given equation, then a = 2 and a = -3. It follows then that |a - b| = |2 - (-3)| = |5|, which is 5. Similarly, if a = -3 and a

QUESTION 18

The correct answer is 1.21. It's given that each year, the value of the antique is estimated to increase by 10% over its value the previous year. Increasing a quantity by 10% is equivalent to the quantity increasing to 110% of its original value or multiplying the original quantity by 1.1. Therefore, 1 year after the purchase, the estimated value of the antique is 200(1.1) dollars. Then, 2 years after purchase, the estimated value of the antique is 200(1.1)(1.1), or 200(1.21) dollars. It's given that the estimated value of the antique after 2 years is 200a dollars. Therefore, 200(1.21) = 200a. It follows that a = 1.21.

QUESTION 19

The correct answer is 2500. Adding the given equations yields (2x + 3y) + (3x + 2y) = (1200 + 1300). Combining like terms yields 5x + 5y = 2500. Therefore, the value of 5x + 5y is 2500.

QUESTION 20

The correct answer is 20. Factoring the expression $u^2 - t^2$ yields (u-t)(u+t). Therefore, the expression $(u-t)(u^2-t^2)$ can be rewritten as (u-t)(u-t)(u+t). Substituting 5 for u+t and 2 for u-t in this expression yields (2)(2)(5), which is equal to 20.

Section 4: Math Test - Calculator

QUESTION 1

Choice B is correct. It's given that the helicopter's initial height is 40 feet above the ground and that when the helicopter's altitude begins to increase, it increases at a rate of 21 feet per second. Therefore, the altitude gain t seconds after the helicopter begins rising is represented by the expression 21t. Adding this expression to the helicopter's initial height gives the helicopter's altitude above the ground y, in feet, t seconds after the helicopter begins to gain altitude: y = 40 + 21t.

Choice A is incorrect. This is the helicopter's altitude above the ground 1 second after it began to gain altitude, not t seconds after it began to gain altitude. Choice C is incorrect because adding the expression -21t makes this function represent a decrease in altitude. Choice D is incorrect and is the result of using the initial height of 40 feet as the rate at which the helicopter's altitude increases per second and the rate of 21 feet per second as the initial height.

QUESTION 2

Choice A is correct. The text messaging plan charges a flat fee of \$5 per month for up to 100 text messages. This is represented graphically with a constant value of y = 5 for $0 \le x \le 100$. After 100 messages, each additional message sent costs \$0.25. This is represented graphically with an increase of 0.25 on the *y*-axis for every increase of 1 on the *x*-axis. Choice A matches these descriptions.

Choice B is incorrect. This choice shows a linear decrease after x = 100, indicating the price of the plan would decrease, rather than increase, after 100 text messages. Choices C and D are incorrect. These choices don't represent a constant value of y = 5 for $0 \le x \le 100$, which is needed to represent the \$5 per month for the first 100 text messages.

QUESTION 3

Choice B is correct. During the first 15 minutes Jake is in the theater, or from 0 to 15 minutes, Jake's popcorn amount decreases by half. This is represented graphically by a linear decrease. From 15 to 45 minutes, Jake stops eating popcorn. This is represented graphically by a constant *y*-value. From 45 to 90 minutes, Jake eats more popcorn. This is represented graphically by another linear decrease as the amount of popcorn in the bag gradually goes down. At 90 minutes, Jake spills all of his remaining popcorn. This is represented graphically by a vertical drop in the *y*-value to 0. Choice B matches these representations.

Choices A, C, and D are incorrect. At no point during this period of time did Jake buy more popcorn. All of these graphs represent an increase in the amount of popcorn in Jake's bag at some point during this period of time.

Choice C is correct. Subtracting 20 from both sides of the given equation yields -x = -5. Dividing both sides of the equation -x = -5 by -1 yields x = 5. Lastly, substituting 5 for x in 3x yields the value of 3x, or 3(5) = 15.

Choice A is incorrect. This is the value of x, not the value of 3x. Choices B and D are incorrect. If 3x = 10 or 3x = 35, then it follows that $x = \frac{10}{3}$ or $x = \frac{35}{3}$, respectively. Substituting $\frac{10}{3}$ and $\frac{35}{3}$ for x in the given equation yields $\frac{50}{3} = 15$ and $\frac{25}{3} = 15$, respectively, both of which are false statements. Since 3x = 10 and 3x = 35 both lead to false statements, then 3x can't be equivalent to either 10 or 35.

QUESTION 5

Choice C is correct. The value of f(-1) can be found by substituting -1 for x in the given function $f(x) = \frac{x+3}{2}$, which yields $f(-1) = \frac{-1+3}{2}$. Rewriting the numerator by adding -1 and 3 yields $\frac{2}{2}$, which equals 1.

Therefore, f(-1) = 1.

Choice A is incorrect and may result from miscalculating the value of $\frac{-1+3}{2}$ as $\frac{-4}{2}$, or -2. Choice B is incorrect and may result from misinterpreting the value of x as the value of x as the value of x is incorrect and may result from adding the expression -1 + 3 in the numerator.

QUESTION 6

Choice D is correct. To determine which option is equivalent to the given expression, the expression can be rewritten using the distributive property by multiplying each term of the binomial $(x^2 - 3x)$ by 2x, which gives $2x^3 - 6x^2$.

Choices A, B, and C are incorrect and may result from incorrectly applying the laws of exponents or from various computation errors when rewriting the expression.

QUESTION 7

Choice B is correct. Selecting employees from each store at random is most appropriate because it's most likely to ensure that the group surveyed will accurately represent each store location and all employees.

Choice A is incorrect. Surveying employees at a single store location will only provide an accurate representation of employees at that location, not at all 50 store locations. Choice C is incorrect. Surveying the highest- and lowest-paid employees will not give an accurate representation of employees across all pay grades at the company.

Choice D is incorrect. Collecting only the first 50 responses mimics the results of a self-selected survey. For example, the first 50 employees to respond to the survey could be motivated by an overwhelming positive or negative experience and thus will not accurately represent all employees.

QUESTION 8

Choice C is correct. The graph for Ian shows that the initial deposit was \$100 and that each week the total amount deposited increased by \$100. Therefore, Ian deposited \$100 each week. The graph for Jeremy shows that the initial deposit was \$300 and that each week the total amount deposited increased by \$50. Therefore, Jeremy deposited \$50 each week. Thus, Ian deposited \$50 more than Jeremy did each week.

Choice A is incorrect. This is the difference between the initial deposits in the savings accounts. Choice B is incorrect. This is the amount Ian deposited each week. Choice D is incorrect. This is half the amount that Jeremy deposited each week.

QUESTION 9

Choice C is correct. The value of the expression h(5) - h(3) can be found by substituting 5 and 3 for x in the given function. Substituting 5 for x in the function yields $h(5) = 2^5$, which can be rewritten as h(5) = 32. Substituting 3 for x in the function yields $h(3) = 2^3$, which can be rewritten as h(3) = 8. Substituting these values into the expression h(5) - h(3) produces 32 - 8 = 24.

Choice A is incorrect. This is the value of 5-3, not of h(5)-h(3). Choice B is incorrect. This is the value of h(5-3), or h(2), not of h(5)-h(3). Choice D is incorrect and may result from calculation errors.

QUESTION 10

Choice D is correct. The margin of error is applied to the sample statistic to create an interval in which the population statistic most likely falls. An estimate of 23% with a margin of error of 4% creates an interval of 23% \pm 4%, or between 19% and 27%. Thus, it's plausible that the percentage of students in the population who see a movie at least once a month is between 19% and 27%.

Choice A is incorrect and may result from interpreting the estimate of 23% as the minimum number of students in the population who see a movie at least once per month. Choice B is incorrect and may result from interpreting the estimate of 23% as the minimum number of students in the population who see a movie at least once per month and adding half of the margin of error to conclude that it isn't possible that more than 25% of students in the population see a movie at least once per month. Choice C is incorrect and may result from interpreting the sample statistic as the researcher's level of confidence in the survey results and applying the margin of error to the level of confidence.

Choice A is correct. The mean number of each list is found by dividing the sum of all the numbers in each list by the count of the numbers in each list. The mean of list A is $\frac{1+2+3+4+5+6}{6} = 3.5$, and

the mean of list B is $\frac{2+3+3+4+4+5}{6} = 3.5$. Thus, the means are the same. The standard deviations can be compared by inspecting the distances of the numbers in each list from the mean. List A contains two numbers that are 0.5 from the mean, two numbers that are 1.5 from the mean, and two numbers that are 2.5 from the mean. List B contains four numbers that are 0.5 from the mean and two numbers that are 1.5 from the mean. Overall, list B contains numbers that are closer to the mean than are the numbers in list A, so the standard deviations of the lists are different.

Choice B is incorrect and may result from assuming that two data sets with the same mean must also have the same standard deviation. Choices C and D are incorrect and may result from an error in calculating the means.

QUESTION 12

Choice C is correct. Let x represent the original price of the book. Then, 40% off of x is (1 - 0.40)x, or 0.60x. Since the sale price is \$18.00, then 0.60x = 18. Dividing both sides of this equation by 0.60 yields x = 30. Therefore, the original price of the book was \$30.

Choice A is incorrect and may result from computing 40% of the sale price. Choice B is incorrect and may result from computing 40% off the sale price instead of the original price. Choice D is incorrect and may result from computing the original price of a book whose sale price is \$18 when the sale is for 60% off the original price.

QUESTION 13

Choice C is correct. According to the bar graph, the number of insects in colony A at week 0 was approximately 80, and this number decreased over each respective two-week period to approximately 50, 32, 25, and 18. Similarly, the graph shows that the number of insects in colony B at week 0 was approximately 64, and this number also decreased over each respective two-week period to approximately 60, 40, 38, and 10. Finally, the graph shows that the number of insects in colony C at week 0 was approximately 58; however, the number of insects increased in week 2, to approximately 140. Therefore, only colony A and colony B showed a decrease in size every two weeks after the initial treatment.

Choice A is incorrect. Colony B also showed a decrease in size every two weeks. Choices B and D are incorrect. Colony C showed an increase in size between weeks 0 and 2.

Choice A is correct. According to the bar graph, the total number of insects in all three colonies in week 8 was approximately 20 + 10 + 50 = 80, and the total number of insects at the time of initial treatment (week 0) was approximately 80 + 65 + 55 = 200. The ratio of these approximations is 80 to 200, which is equivalent to 2 to 5. Therefore, the ratio 2 to 5 is closest to the ratio of the total number of insects in all three colonies in week 8 to the total number of insects at the time of initial treatment.

Choices B, C, and D are incorrect and may result from setting up ratios using weeks other than week 8 and week 0 or from calculation errors.

QUESTION 15

Choice B is correct. The formula for the volume V of a right circular cone is $V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$, where r is the radius of the base and h is the height of the cone. It's given that the cone's volume is 24π cubic inches and its height is 2 inches. Substituting 24π for V and 2 for h yields $24\pi = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2(2)$. Rewriting the right-hand side of this equation yields $24\pi = \left(\frac{2\pi}{3}\right)r^2$, which is equivalent to $36 = r^2$. Taking the square root of both sides of this equation gives $r = \pm 6$. Since the radius is a measure of length, it can't be negative. Therefore, the radius of the base of the cone is 6 inches.

Choice A is incorrect and may result from using the formula for the volume of a right circular cylinder instead of a right circular cone. Choice C is incorrect. This is the diameter of the cone. Choice D is incorrect and may result from not taking the square root when solving for the radius.

QUESTION 16

Choice C is correct. It's given that the population of City X was 120,000 in 2010, and that it increased by 20% from 2010 to 2015. Therefore, the population of City X in 2015 was 120,000 (1+0.20)=144,000. It's also given that the population of City Y decreased by 10% from 2010 to 2015. If y represents the population of City Y in 2010, then y(1-0.10)=144,000. Solving this equation for y yields $y=\frac{144,000}{1-0.10}$. Simplifying the denominator yields $\frac{144,000}{0.90}$, or 160,000.

Choice A is incorrect. If the population of City Y in 2010 was 60,000, then the population of City Y in 2015 would have been 60,000(0.90) = 54,000, which is not equal to the City X population in 2015 of 144,000. Choice B is incorrect because 90,000(0.90) = 81,000, which is not equal to the City X population in 2015 of 144,000. Choice D is incorrect because 240,000(0.90) = 216,000, which is not equal to the City X population in 2015 of 144,000.

Choice D is correct. Dividing both sides of the equation $V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$ by $\frac{4}{3}\pi$ results in $\frac{3V}{4\pi} = r^3$. Taking the cube root of both sides produces $\sqrt[3]{\frac{3V}{4\pi}} = r$. Therefore, $\sqrt[3]{\frac{3V}{4\pi}}$ gives the radius of the sphere in terms of the volume of the sphere.

Choice A is incorrect. This expression is equivalent to the reciprocal of r^3 . Choice B is incorrect. This expression is equivalent to r^3 . Choice C is incorrect. This expression is equivalent to the reciprocal of r.

QUESTION 18

Choice C is correct. It's given that the tablet user did not answer "Never," so the tablet user could have answered only "Rarely," "Often," or "Always." These answers make up 24.3% + 13.5% + 30.9% = 68.7% of the answers the tablet users gave in the survey. The answer "Always" makes up 30.9% of the answers tablet users gave in the survey. Thus, the probability is $\frac{30.9\%}{68.7\%}$, or $\frac{0.309}{0.687} = 0.44978$, which rounds up to 0.45.

Choice A is incorrect. This reflects the tablet users in the survey who answered "Always." Choice B is incorrect. This reflects all tablet users who did not answer "Never" or "Always." Choice D is incorrect. This reflects all tablet users in the survey who did not answer "Never."

QUESTION 19

Choice D is correct. The vertex form of a quadratic equation is $y = n(x - h)^2 + k$, where (h, k) gives the coordinates of the vertex of the parabola in the xy-plane and the sign of the constant n determines whether the parabola opens upward or downward. If n is negative, the parabola opens downward and the vertex is the maximum. The given equation has the values h = 3, k = a, and n = -1. Therefore, the vertex of the parabola is (3, a) and the parabola opens downward. Thus, the parabola's maximum occurs at (3, a).

Choice A is incorrect and may result from interpreting the given equation as representing a parabola in which the vertex is a minimum, not a maximum, and from misidentifying the value of h in the given equation as -3, not 3. Choice B is incorrect and may result from interpreting the given equation as representing a parabola in which the vertex is a minimum, not a maximum. Choice C is incorrect and may result from misidentifying the value of h in the given equation as -3, not 3.

Choice C is correct. Let m be the minimum value of the original data set. The range of a data set is the difference between the maximum value and the minimum value. The range of the original data set is therefore 84 - m. The new data set consists of the original set and the positive integer 96. Thus, the new data set has the same minimum m and a maximum of 96. Therefore, the range of the new data set is 96 - m. The difference in the two ranges can be found by subtracting the ranges: (96 - m) - (84 - m). Using the distributive property, this can be rewritten as 96 - m - 84 + m, which is equal to 12. Therefore, the range of the new data set must be 12 greater than the range of the original data set.

Choices A, B, and D are incorrect. Only the maximum value of the original data set is known, so the amount that the mean, median, and standard deviation of the new data set differ from those of the original data set can't be determined.

QUESTION 21

Choice B is correct. It's given that Clayton uses 100 milliliters of the 20% by mass solution, so y = 100. Substituting 100 for y in the given equation yields 0.10x + 0.20(100) = 0.18(x + 100), which can be rewritten as 0.10x + 20 = 0.18x + 18. Subtracting 0.10x and 18 from both sides of the equation gives 2 = 0.08x. Dividing both sides of this equation by 0.08 gives x = 25. Thus, Clayton uses 25 milliliters of the 10% by mass saline solution.

Choices A, C, and D are incorrect and may result from calculation errors.

QUESTION 22

Choice D is correct. It's given that the number of people Eleanor invited the first year was 30 and that the number of people invited doubles each of the following years, which is the same as increasing by a constant factor of 2. Therefore, the function f can be defined by $f(n) = 30(2)^n$, where n is the number of years after Eleanor began organizing the event. This is an increasing exponential function.

Choices A and B are incorrect. Linear functions increase or decrease by a constant number over equal intervals, and exponential functions increase or decrease by a constant factor over equal intervals. Since the number of people invited increases by a constant factor each year, the function f is exponential rather than linear. Choice C is incorrect. The value of f(n) increases as n increases, so the function f is increasing rather than decreasing.

Choice A is correct. The slope-intercept form of a linear equation in the xy-plane is y = mx + b, where m is the slope of the graph of the equation and b is the y-coordinate of the y-intercept of the graph. Any two ordered pairs (x_1, y_1) and (x_2, y_2) that satisfy a linear equation can be used to compute the slope of the graph of the equation using the formula $m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$. Substituting the two pairs (a, 0) and (3a, -a) from the table into the formula gives $m = \frac{-a - 0}{3a - a}$, which can be rewritten as $\frac{-a}{2a}$, or $-\frac{1}{2}$. Substituting this value for m in the slope-intercept form of the equation produces $y = -\frac{1}{2}x + b$. Substituting values from the ordered pair (a, 0) in the table into this equation produces $0 = -\frac{1}{2}(a) + b$, which simplifies to $b = \frac{a}{2}$. Substituting this value for b in the slope-intercept form of the equation produces $y = -\frac{1}{2}x + \frac{a}{2}$. Rewriting this equation in standard form by adding $\frac{1}{2}x$ to both sides and then multiplying both sides by 2 gives the equation x + 2y = a.

Choice B is incorrect and may result from a calculation error when determining the *y*-intercept of the graph of the equation. Choices C and D are incorrect and may result from an error in calculation when determining the slope of the graph of the equation.

QUESTION 24

Choice B is correct. The slope-intercept form of a linear equation is y = mx + b, where m is the slope of the graph of the equation and b is the y-coordinate of the y-intercept of the graph. Any two ordered pairs (x_1, y_1) and (x_2, y_2) that satisfy a linear equation can be used to compute the slope of the graph of the equation using the formula $m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$. Substituting the coordinates of (120, 60) and (160, 80), which lie on the line of best fit, into this formula gives $m = \frac{80 - 60}{160 - 120}$, which simplifies to $\frac{20}{40}$, or 0.5. Substituting this value for m in the slope-intercept form of the equation produces y = 0.5x + b. Substituting values from the ordered pair (120, 60) into this equation produces 60 = 0.5(120) + b, so b = 0. Substituting this value for b in the slope-intercept form of the equation produces y = 0.5x + 0, or y = 0.5x.

Choices A, C, and D are incorrect and may result from an error in calculation when determining the slope of the line of best fit.

QUESTION 25

Choice A is correct. The intersection point (x, y) of the two graphs can be found by multiplying the second equation in the system 1.6x + 0.5y = -1.3 by 3, which gives 4.8x + 1.5y = -3.9. The y-terms in the equation 4.8x + 1.5y = -3.9 and the first equation in the system 2.4x - 1.5y = 0.3 have coefficients that are opposites. Adding the left- and right-hand sides of the equations 4.8x + 1.5y = -3.9 and 2.4x - 1.5y = 0.3

produces 7.2x + 0.0y = -3.6, which is equivalent to 7.2x = -3.6. Dividing both sides of the equation by 7.2 gives x = -0.5. Therefore, the *x*-coordinate of the intersection point (x, y) of the system is -0.5.

Choice B is incorrect. An x-value of -0.25 produces y-values of -0.6 and -1.8 for each equation in the system, respectively. Since the same ordered pair doesn't satisfy both equations, neither point can be the intersection point. Choice C is incorrect. An x-value of 0.8 produces y-values of 1.08 and -5.16 for each equation in the system, respectively. Since the same ordered pair doesn't satisfy both equations, neither point can be the intersection point. Choice D is incorrect. An x-value of 1.75 produces y-values of 2.6 and -8.2 for each equation in the system, respectively. Since the same ordered pair doesn't satisfy both equations, neither point can be the intersection point.

QUESTION 26

Choice D is correct. A model for a quantity that increases by r% per time period is an exponential function of the form $P(t) = I \left(1 + \frac{r}{100}\right)^t$, where I is the initial value at time t = 0 and each increase of t by 1 represents 1 time period. It's given that P(t) is the number of pollen grains per square centimeter and t is the number of years after the first year the grains were deposited. There were 310 pollen grains at time t = 0, so I = 310. This number increased 1% per year after year t = 0, so t = 1. Substituting these values into the form of the exponential function gives t = 10 and t = 110 and t = 12 which can be rewritten as t = 13 and t = 13 and t = 14.

Choices A, B, and C are incorrect and may result from errors made when setting up an exponential function.

QUESTION 27

Choice A is correct. Subtracting $\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)(9x-6)$ from both sides of the given equation yields $-4 = \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)(9x-6)$, which can be rewritten as -4 = 3x-2.

Choices B and D are incorrect and may result from errors made when manipulating the equation. Choice C is incorrect. This is the value of x.

QUESTION 28

Choice D is correct. The graph of a quadratic function in the form f(x) = a(x - b)(x - c) intersects the *x*-axis at (b, 0) and (c, 0). The graph will be a parabola that opens upward if a is positive and downward if a is negative. For the function f, a = 1, b = -3, and c = k. Therefore, the graph of the function f opens upward and intersects the *x*-axis at (-3, 0) and (k, 0). Since k is a positive integer, the intersection point (k, 0) will have an x-coordinate that is a positive integer. The only graph that opens upward, passes through the point (-3, 0), and has another x-intercept with a positive integer as the x-coordinate is choice D.

Choices A and B are incorrect. Both graphs open downward rather than upward. Choice C is incorrect. The graph doesn't pass through the point (-3, 0).

QUESTION 29

Choice D is correct. It's given that L is the femur length, in inches, and H is the height, in inches, of an adult male. Because L is multiplied by 1.88 in the equation, for every increase in L by 1, the value of H increases by 1.88. Therefore, the meaning of 1.88 in this context is that a man's height increases by approximately 1.88 inches for each one-inch increase in his femur length.

Choices A, B, and C are incorrect and may result from misinterpreting the context and the values the variables are representing.

QUESTION 30

Choice A is correct. A segment can be drawn inside of quadrilateral ABCD from point B to point F (not shown) on segment AD such that segment BF is perpendicular to segment AD. This will create rectangle FBCD such that FB = CD. This will also create right triangle ABF such that $FB = \frac{1}{2}AB$. An acute angle in a right triangle has measure 30° if and only if the side opposite this angle is half the length of the hypotenuse. (Such a triangle is called a 30° - 60° - 90° triangle.) Since AB is the hypotenuse of right triangle ABF and $FB = \frac{1}{2}AB$, triangle ABF must be a 30° - 60° - 90° triangle and angle ABF must measure 60° . The measure of angle ABC equals the sum of the measures of angles ABF and FBC. Because angle FBC is in rectangle FBCD, it has a measure of 90° . Therefore, the measure of angle ABC, or angle B shown in the original figure, is 60° + 90° = 150° .

Choice B is incorrect and may result from identifying triangle ABF as a $45^{\circ}-45^{\circ}-90^{\circ}$ triangle and the measure of angle ABF as 45° . Choice C is incorrect and may result from adding the measures of angles BAF and FBC rather than angles ABF and FBC. Choice D is incorrect and may result from finding the measure of angle D rather than angle B.

QUESTION 31

The correct answer is 6. It's given that apples cost \$0.65 each and oranges cost \$0.75 each. If x is the number of apples, the cost for buying x apples is 0.65x dollars. If y is the number of oranges, the cost for buying y oranges is 0.75y dollars. Lynne has \$8.00 to spend; therefore, the inequality for the number of apples and oranges Lynne can buy is $0.65x + 0.75y \le 8.00$. Since Lynne bought 5 apples, x = 5. Substituting 5 for x yields $0.65(5) + 0.75y \le 8.00$, which can be rewritten as $3.25 + 0.75y \le 8.00$. Subtracting 3.25 from both sides of the inequality yields $0.75y \le 4.75$. Dividing both sides of this inequality by 0.75 yields $y \le 6.33$. Therefore, the maximum number of whole oranges Lynne can buy is 6.

The correct answer is 146. According to the triangle sum theorem, the sum of the measures of the three angles of a triangle is 180°. This triangle is made up of angles with measures of a° , b° , and c° . Therefore, a + b + c = 180. Substituting 34 for a yields 34 + b + c = 180. Subtracting 34 from each side of the equation yields b + c = 146.

QUESTION 33

The correct answer is 2500. The mean number of the list is found by dividing the sum of all the numbers in the list by the count of numbers in the list. It's given that the mean of the five numbers in this list is 1600; therefore, $\frac{700 + 1200 + 1600 + 2000 + x}{5} = 1600$. Multiplying both sides of this equation by 5 gives 700 + 1200 + 1600 + 2000 + x = 8000. The left-hand side of this equation can be rewritten as 5500 + x = 8000. Subtracting 5500 from both sides of this equation gives x = 2500.

QUESTION 34

The correct answer is 34. Substituting the values y = 17 and x = a into the equation y = mx yields 17 = ma. Solving for a gives $a = \frac{17}{m}$. This can be substituted for a in x = 2a, which yields $x = 2\left(\frac{17}{m}\right)$, or $x = \frac{34}{m}$. Substituting $x = \frac{34}{m}$ into the equation y = mx yields $y = m\left(\frac{34}{m}\right)$. This equation can be rewritten as y = 34.

QUESTION 35

The correct answer is $\frac{5}{2}$. Applying the distributive property of multiplication on the left-hand side of a(x+b)=4x+10 yields ax+ab=4x+10. If a(x+b)=4x+10 has infinitely many solutions, then ax+ab=4x+10 must be true for all values of x. It follows that ax=4x and ab=10. Since ax=4x, it follows that a=4. Substituting 4 for a in ab=10 yields a=10. Dividing both sides of a=10 by 4 yields a=10, which simplifies to a=10. Either 5/2 or 2.5 may be entered as the correct answer.

QUESTION 36

The correct answer is $\frac{25}{4}$. If a line intersects a parabola at a point, the coordinates of the intersection point must satisfy the equation of the line and the equation of the parabola. Since the equation of the line is y = c, where c is a constant, the y-coordinate of the intersection point must be c. It follows then that substituting c for y in the equation for the parabola will result in another true equation: $c = -x^2 + 5x$. Subtracting c from both sides of $c = -x^2 + 5x$ and then dividing both sides by -1 yields $0 = x^2 - 5x + c$. The solution to this quadratic equation would give the x-coordinate(s) of the point(s) of intersection.

Since it's given that the line and parabola intersect at exactly one point, the equation $0 = x^2 - 5x + c$ has exactly one solution. A quadratic equation in the form $0 = ax^2 + bx + c$ has exactly one solution when its discriminant $b^2 - 4ac$ is equal to 0. In the equation $0 = x^2 - 5x + c$, a = 1, b = -5, and c = c. Therefore, $(-5)^2 - 4(1)(c) = 0$, or 25 - 4c = 0. Subtracting 25 from both sides of 25 - 4c = 0 and then dividing both sides by -4 yields $c = \frac{25}{4}$. Therefore, if the line y = c intersects the parabola defined by $y = -x^2 + 5x$ at exactly one point, then $c = \frac{25}{4}$. Either 25/4 or 6.25 may be entered as the correct answer.

QUESTION 37

The correct answer is 293. It's given that a peregrine falcon's maximum speed while diving is 200 miles per hour and that 1 mile = 5280 feet. Therefore, a peregrine falcon's maximum speed while diving is $\left(\frac{200 \text{ miles}}{1 \text{ hour}}\right) \left(\frac{5280 \text{ feet}}{1 \text{ mile}}\right) = 1,056,000 \text{ feet per hour.}$ There are 60 minutes in 1 hour and 60 seconds in each minute, so there are (60)(60) = 3600 seconds in 1 hour. A peregrine falcon's maximum speed while diving is therefore $\left(\frac{1,056,000 \text{ feet}}{1 \text{ hour}}\right) \left(\frac{1 \text{ hour}}{3600 \text{ seconds}}\right)$, which is approximately 293.33 feet per second. To the nearest whole number, this is 293 feet per second.

QUESTION 38

The correct answer is 9. If x is the number of hours it will take the falcon to dive 0.5 mile, then the speed of 200 miles per hour can be used to create the proportion $\frac{200 \text{ miles}}{1 \text{ hour}} = \frac{0.5 \text{ mile}}{x \text{ hours}}$. This proportion can be rewritten as x hours = $\frac{0.5 \text{ mile}}{200 \frac{\text{miles}}{\text{hour}}}$, which gives x = 0.0025. There are 60 minutes in 1 hour and 60 seconds in each minute, so there

There are 60 minutes in 1 hour and 60 seconds in each minute, so there are (60)(60) = 3600 seconds in one hour. Therefore, 0.0025 hour is equivalent to (0.0025 hour) $\left(\frac{3600 \text{ seconds}}{1 \text{ hour}}\right)$ = 9 seconds.